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~~1. Mr. M. J. Paine~~  
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EAST HERTFORDSHIRE COMBINED DISTRICTS



# ANNUAL REPORT

of the health of

SAWBRIDGEWORTH URBAN DISTRICT

For the Year 1961

Report presented by

THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

and

THE PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

COUNCIL OFFICES  
FOREBURY  
SAWBRIDGEWORTH



EAST HERTFORDSHIRE COMBINED DISTRICTS  
REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH  
FOR THE YEAR 1961  
SAWBRIDGECORTH URBAN DISTRICT

PREFACE.



Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present the Annual Report upon the Health of the Urban District of Sawbridgeworth for the year ending 31st December, 1961.

The District has again enjoyed another year of excellent health and has been untroubled by infectious disease except for the usual biennial outbreak of Measles.

The population has increased but the increase is a small one being only 20 more persons than in 1960. 1961 was the year of the Census and the Census revealed a population increase of only 940 since 1951. This is slow growth in ten years for an attractive Urban District within such easy reach of London. A few years ago I ventured to predict that the electrification of the railway would lead to rapid expansion but this has not been the case so far.

There is little change in the total number of births and deaths but unfortunately three infants under one week and one infant of six months of age died during the year. This comparatively large number of infant deaths in a small community is naturally reflected in the Infant Mortality Rates.

There is little that requires comment regarding the deaths at all ages as nearly half the deaths were in fact due to old age. It is noteworthy that one old lady was 100 years old when she died.

Almost all the houses in the district have a main water supply provided by the Lee Valley Water Company. The quality of the water is satisfactory, both chemically and bacteriologically.

In the report for 1960 mention was made of the possibility of joining the Harlow Trunk Sewer. This possibility became a probability in 1961 but it is expected that some years will elapse before this probability becomes a fact. When this junction eventually takes place it is expected that the Sawbridgeworth Sewer will be joined by the effluent from the neighbouring area of High Wych in the Rural District of Braughing.



In conclusion I wish to thank the members of the Public Health Committee and the Council and particularly their respective Chairmen for the continued and valued support I have received from them throughout the year.

My thanks are also due to my colleagues for assistance always readily rendered. In this respect I must especially mention Mr. Ford the Surveyor and Public Health Inspector who by anticipating requisite action both in the field and in the office has rendered my duties in Sawbridgeworth both easy and pleasant.

I am,

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant.

Gordon M. Frizelle.



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PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

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HODDESDON, Herts.

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Deputy (Part Time) Medical Officer of Health

Peter de Bec TURTLE, V.R.D., M.A., B.M., B.Ch., D.P.H., Q.H.S.,

Haileybury and Imperial Service College,  
Hertford Heath.

Telephone: Hoddesdon 2040.

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR (and Surveyor)

C. A. Ford. Certificate of the R.S.I., and S.I.E.J. Board,  
Certificate for Inspectors of Meat and other Foods,  
Smoke Inspector's Certificate.

Public Health Department,  
Council Offices,  
The Forebury,  
Sawbridgeworth, Herts. (Telephone: Sawbridgeworth 2161).

Clerical duties to the Public Health Department were carried out by  
Mr. R. A. Berry, Assistant Surveyor, with typing assistance .  
from Mrs. P. Phillips.

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Committee Concerned with Public Health.

Public Health matters are dealt with by the Highways, Public  
Health, Allotments and Lighting Committee, comprised of the following  
Members of the Council:-

Mrs. K. E. Felstead.	H. W. Talbot
J. S. Emery	B. W. Thorn
K. D. Shaw	G. A. Voller J.P.
E. A. Slade	

The Chairman of the Committee of the session of 1961/1962 was  
Councillor J. S. Emery.





S E C T I O N    A.

GENERAL STATISTICS 1961.

(Table 1)

(Figures for 1960 are shown in brackets)

POPULATION.

Estimated Mid-Year Population of Sawbridgeworth:	4,700	(4,680)
Natural increase or decrease	....	+ 20
Migration in or out	....	+ -
Total increase or decrease	....	+ <u>20</u>

GENERAL STATISTICS

<u>Area in Acres</u>	....	....	2,678
Number of Inhabited Houses according to Rate Book:	1,565	(1,547)	
Number of houses per acre	....	0.58	
Number of Persons per acre	....	1.75	
Number of Persons per house	....	3.00	
<u>Rateable Value of District</u>	....	£57,669	
Sum represented by a Penny Rate	....	£233.	

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# VITAL STATISTICS.

(Table 2).

(Figures for 1960 are shown in brackets)

## LIVE BIRTHS

	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Legitimate	35 (36)	41 (23)	76 (59)
Illegitimate	0 (1)	1 (2)	1 (3)
Total Live Births	35 (37)	42 (25)	77 (62)
Live Birth Rate per 1,000 population		16.38	(13.24)
Area Comparability Factor for Births		0.97	(0.97)
Standardised Live Birth Rate per 1,000 population		15.87	(12.85)
Illegitimate Live Births per cent of total live births		1.29	(4.84)

## STILL BIRTHS

	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Legitimate	1 (0)	1 (0)	2 (0)
Illegitimate	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
Total Still Births	1 (0)	1 (0)	2 (0)
Still Births rate per 1,000 total live and still-births	25.32 (0)		

## TOTAL LIVE AND STILL BIRTHS

	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Legitimate	35 (36)	42 (23)	77 (59)
Illegitimate	1 (1)	1 (2)	1 (3)
Total Live and Still Births	36 (37)	43 (25)	79 (62)

## COMPARISON RATES

	<u>Sawbridgeworth Urban District</u>	<u>Hertford County</u>	<u>England &amp; Wales</u>
Live Birth Rate	16.38	18.13	17.10
Area Comparability Factor	0.97	0.92	-
Standardised Birth Rate	15.87	-	-
Still Births Rate	25.32	17.48	19.70.



VITAL STATISTICS (Continued).

INFANT DEATHS

	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>	<u>Total.</u>
Infants under one week, total	3 (0)	0 (0)	3 (0)
Legitimate	3 (0)	0 (0)	3 (0)
Illegitimate	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
Infants under four weeks, total	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
Legitimate	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
Illegitimate	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
Infants under one year, total	1 (0)	0 (1)	1 (1)
Legitimate	1 (0)	0 (1)	1 (1)
Illegitimate	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)

INFANT MORTALITY RATES.

Infant Mortality Rate per 1,000 total live births.	51.95	(0.0)
Legitimate infant deaths per 1,000 legitimate live births.	52.63	(0.0)
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 illegitimate live births	0.0	(0.0)
Neo-natal Mortality Rate (deaths of infants under four weeks per 1,000 total live births)	39.86	(0.0)
Early Neo-natal Mortality Rate (deaths of infants under one week per 1,000 total live births)	38.96	(0.0)
Perinatal Mortality Rate (stillbirths and deaths of infants under one week combined - per 1,000 total live and still births)	50.63	(0.0)





VITAL STATISTICS (continued).

MATERNAL DEATHS

Maternal Deaths, including abortion	0.0	(0)
Maternal Mortality Rate per 1,000 live and still births	0.0	(0)

DEATHS (total)

Deaths of all ages	Males	30	(28)
	Females	19	(12)
	Total	49	(40)
Death Rate per 1,000 population		10.45	(8.55)
Area Comparability Factor for Deaths		1.04	(1.04)
Standardised Death Rate per 1,000 population		10.84	(8.89)

COMPARISON RATES

	<u>Sawbridgeworth U.D.C.</u>	<u>Hertford County</u>	<u>England &amp; Wales</u>
Live Birth Rate	16.38	17.96	
Area Comparability Factor	0.97	0.91	
Standardised Birth Rate	15.87	16.34	17.4
Still Births Rate	25.32	17.71	18.7
Infant Mortality Rate	51.95	17.23	21.4
Legitimate	52.63	16.86	
Illegitimate	0.0	25.88	
Neo-Natal Mortality Rate	39.86	13.57	15.5
Early Neo-Natal Mortality Rate	38.96	12.17	
Perinatal Mortality Rate	50.63	29.67	
Maternal Mortality Rate	0.0	0.59	0.33
Death Rate	10.45	9.46	
Area Comparability Factor	1.04	1.13	
Standardised Rate	10.84	10.68	12.0



PREVALANCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Notifiable Diseases (other than Tuberculosis) notified during the year.

	<u>1 st Quarter</u>	<u>2nd Quarter</u>	<u>3rd Quarter</u>	<u>4th Quarter</u>	<u>Total.</u>
Scarlet Fever	Nil	1	1	Nil	2
Whooping Cough	1	Nil	Nil	Nil	1
Measles	87	3	Nil	Nil	90
Acute Pneumonia	1	1	Nil	1	3

TUBERCULOSIS.

Commencement of Year -

Males : Pulmonary .8 Non-Pulmonary - Nil.

Females : Pulmonary .11 Non-Pulmonary - 3.

Six New Cases.

Twelve removed from Register.

Remaining on Register

Males : Pulmonary .7 Non-Pulmonary - Nil.

Females : Pulmonary .7 Non-Pulmonary - 2.



CAUSES OF DEATH DURING THE YEAR 1961.

<u>Line No.</u>					<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>
	ALL CAUSES				30	19
1	Tuberculosis, respiratory	..	..	..	0	0
2	Tuberculosis, other	..	..	..	0	0
3	Syphilitic disease	..	..	..	0	0
4	Diphtheria	..	..	..	0	0
5	Whooping Cough	..	..	..	0	0
6	Meningococcal infections	..	..	..	0	0
7	Acute Poliomyelitis	..	..	..	0	0
8	Measles	..	..	..	0	0
9	Other infective and parasitic disease	..	..	..	1	0
10	Malignant Neoplasm, Stomach	..	..	..	1	0
11	" " Lung, Bronchus	..	..	..	0	0
12	" " breast	..	..	..	0	3
13	" " uterus	..	..	..	0	0
14	Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms	..	..	..	1	0
15	Leukaemia, aleukaemia	..	..	..	0	0
16	Diabetes	..	..	..	0	0
17	Vascular lesions of nervous system	..	..	..	10	2
18	Coronary disease, angina	..	..	..	3	3
19	Hypertension with heart disease	..	..	..	2	0
20	Other heart disease	..	..	..	2	4
21	Other circulatory disease	..	..	..	1	1
22	Influenza	..	..	..	0	0
23	Pneumonia	..	..	..	0	4
24	Bronchitis	..	..	..	1	0
25	Other diseases of respiratory system	..	..	..	0	0
26	Ulcer of Stomach and duodenum	..	..	..	1	1
27	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	..	..	..	1	0
28	Nephritis and nephrosis	..	..	..	0	0
29	Hyperphasia of prostate	..	..	..	1	0
30	Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion	..	..	..	0	0
31	Congenital malformations	..	..	..	0	0
32	Other defined and ill-defined diseases	..	..	..	3	1
33	Motor vehicle accidents	..	..	..	0	0
34	All other accidents	..	..	..	1	0
35	Suicide	..	..	..	1	0
36	Homicide and operations of war	..	..	..	0	0
(a)	Still Births				2	2
(b)	Deaths of infants under four weeks of age				3	3
(c)	" " " four weeks to one year of age.				1	1





## GENERAL STATISTICS.

A Census of the population of the United Kingdom has been taken every ten years since 1801, the only exception to this having been the year 1941 when the war was at its height. From the figures obtained at the Census and from other statistical data, such as the notifications of births and deaths, the Registrar General prepares every year his mid-year estimate of the population of each district in the Country.

The most recent Census was taken on 23rd April, 1961 and in the preliminary report the population of Sawbridgeworth was given as 4,633. This was slightly less than the 1960 mid-year estimate of 4,680, but when the Registrar General's mid-year estimate for 1961 became available the figure then quoted was 4,700. The population increase in the past year is therefore only 20 as compared with an increase of 130 in 1960. The increase between the Census of 1951 and that of 1961 was 940.

The total number of inhabited houses has increased from 1,547 to 1,565, while the number of houses per acre has increased from 1.70 to 1.75.

## VITAL STATISTICS.

The total number of live births rose from 62 in 1960 to 77 in 1961. Out of these there was only one illegitimate birth. There were two still births in 1961 while in 1960 there were none.

In coming to the deaths of infants under one year of age one is met by a sharp increase to wit 4 deaths as compared with none in 1960. One infant died when a day old from prematurity, another at two days old as the result of Septic Meningitis, while a third died on his third day in consequence of a birth injury. The death of the fourth infant at the age of 6 months was due to Asphyxia.

Once again it is satisfying to note that there were no maternal deaths.

The total number of deaths at all ages was 49, this being 9 more than in 1960.

The still-birth rates and infant mortality rates may at first glance come as a shock to the reader. It must be remembered that the individual figures concerned are very small, 2 in the first case and 4 in the second. When these, however, are converted into rates which are related to the small number of live and still births and live births respectively the resulting figure seems to be very high. A simple illustration given in percentages is that if in a group of two persons one dies, that group of two has a mortality of 50 %.



CAUSES OF DEATH

Out of 49 deaths, 16 were due to Coronary and other forms of heart disease and 12 were due to Vascular lesions of the nervous system, commonly known as "Strokes" which are customarily associated with advancing years.

It is of interest to consider the ages at which death occurred over the age of 70:-

<u>70 - 79</u>	<u>80 - 89</u>	<u>90-- 99</u>	<u>100 -</u>
13	8	1	1

Thus, 23 out of 49 or nearly 50% of all deaths in Sawbridgeworth during 1961 occurred in persons over the age of 70.

With such figures, little or no comment upon causes of death is necessary.

INFECTIOUS DISEASE

It was anticipated that an outbreak of Measles would occur in 1961 and this in fact is what happened with a total number of 90 cases. No one can as yet explain why Measles attacks a community every other year but as the after effects, which used to cause alarm a number of years ago, are now largely absent, the disease has lapsed into the category of minor afflictions.

There was no other outbreak of infectious disease.

TUBERCULOSIS.

It is very gratifying to see that 12 cases were removed from the register but not so satisfactory to note that 6 new cases were registered. Of these 5 moved into the District from other parts of the Kingdom and 16 cases now remain on the register. In 1960 there were 22.

The mass x-ray unit usually visits each district at three yearly intervals and it held its sessions in the Memorial Hall on 17th June, 1961. The response from the town was good as 585 people in all - 181 males and 404 females were x-rayed.

No active tuberculosis of the lungs was found but 6 other abnormalities of the chest were discovered the majority of which required no action to be taken. One malignant disease of the lung however was discovered and this led to early operation and recovery. It is thus seen that the primary object of mass x-ray - the discovery of pulmonary tuberculosis - has extended its scope beyond the original intention.





## OLD PEOPLES WELFARE.

I am happy to report that while general surveillance is kept on the old people of the district no case required removal under section 47 of the National Assistance Act 1948 during the year. The old lady referred to in last year's report died in Wellfield in July, 1961.

## REPORT TO THE PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

While the main function of a Public Health Committee is concerned with the duties of the Health Department and so it is chiefly interested in local affairs, it cannot remain unmindful of health matters in wider spheres. Bearing this in mind reports were presented to the Committee and through the Committee to the Council on a variety of subjects, including the progress of vaccination against poliomyelitis in England and Wales, the danger of polythene bags, the recommendations of the Veale Committee in Radiological Health and Safety, summer food hygiene and campaign for clean food, deaths from tuberculosis and cancer in England and Wales in 1960, synthetic detergents and injuries resulting from fireworks - a report upon which the Council took further action.

## BUILDING.

The Council built no houses in 1961 but 18 dwellings were erected by private enterprise. The Council, however, is planning an extensive building programme from 1962 onwards.

## COURSES.

Following the publication of the Veale Committee report your Medical Officer of Health attended evening classes at the Battersea College of Technology during the Autumn and Winter of 1961/62. In April, 1962 he passed the examination of the College for the Certificate in Radiological Protection.





## S E C T I O N    B

### GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR SAWBRIDGEWORTH

#### LABORATORY SERVICE

Laboratory facilities are provided by the Public Health Laboratory Service at Cambridge.

In emergency, specimens can be examined at the Laboratory of the Herts and Essex General Hospital, Bishop's Stortford, Herts.

#### COUNTY COUNCIL HEALTH SERVICES

The following County Council Services under the National Health Service Act 1946, are available in the District. Full details can be obtained from the County Medical Officer, County Hall, Hertford.

##### Home Nursing, Midwifery, Health Visiting and Welfare Centres.

Number of Nurses:- 3

Welfare Centre: \_ 1.

##### Vaccinations against Smallpox, Whooping Cough, Poliomyelitis Diphtheria and Tetanus.

Medical Officers at the Welfare Centre will vaccinate or immunise babies at the request of parents. Family Doctors will also provide this prophylaxis free of charge.

##### Home and Domestic Help.

Applications for this Service should be addressed to the Local Organiser at 25a, Portland Road, Bishop's Stortford, (Telephone: Bishop's Stortford 332).

A charge may be made for this Service, in accordance with the County Council's assessment scale.

##### Care and after-Care.

Applications for recuperative holidays, if recommended by the Medical Attendant, should be made to the County Medical Officer.

Equipment can be issued on loan to patients being nursed at home. A Medical Loan Depot has been established at Bishop's Stortford.

A charge may be made for both the above Services.



### Ambulance Service.

There is an Ambulance Station at Bishop's Stortford (Telephone: Bishop's Stortford 1101). Except in emergency, an ambulance should be ordered by a medical practitioner.

### Day Nurseries.

There is no Day Nursery at Sawbridgeworth.

### Mental Health.

Arrangements for patients requiring treatment under the Mental Health Act 1959 can be made by their own Doctors or by the Mental Health Officer, Mr. J. H. Webster, Collett Road, Ware, Herts. (Telephone: Ware 2541).

Help in respect of Mentally Defective persons can be obtained by application to the County Medical Officer.

An Occupation Centre for defective children has been established in Hertford.

### HOSPITAL SERVICES.

Sawbridgeworth is served chiefly by the Herts and Essex General Hospital (formerly Haymeads) and by the Bishop's Stortford and District Hospital.

These Hospitals are managed by the Hertford Group Hospital Management Committee, within the North East Metropolitan Regional Hospital Board.

### GENERAL PRACTITIONER MEDICAL SERVICES.

Two General Practitioners reside and practise in Sawbridgeworth: but the Town is also served by Practitioners in the Harlow (Essex) and Bishop's Stortford localities.

### DENTAL SERVICE.

Dental Practitioners are available in adjoining towns.

### OLD PEOPLE'S WELFARE ASSOCIATION

This body is very active in Sawbridgeworth and in addition to its other functions, has for a number of years been responsible for a much needed Chiropody Service.

### OTHER SERVICES.

There is a Mortuary owned and managed by the Urban District Council. Blood Transfusion Donor Sessions are held at the Memorial Hall.





## S E C T I O N   C .

### SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

#### WATER SUPPLY

The piped supply is provided by the Lee Valley Water Company to 1622 premises.

18 premises in the District, including new houses, were connected to the mains during the year, leaving four dwellings in Spellbrook which are supplied from privately-owned wells.

The water supply to the district has been regularly sampled throughout the year and submitted for analysis. 39 samples were sent for analysis for bacteriological examination and in each case the water showed no evidence of contamination. Five water samples were sent to the Laboratory for chemical analysis and the reports showed that all samples conformed to Standards of purity suitable for public supply.

#### DRAINAGE, SEWERAGE AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL

Most of the District is served by main drainage. Sewage is disposed of at two sewage works. The effluent at the principal works is discharged into the River Stort after purification and in the case of the other (smaller) works, it is disposed of by septic tank treatment followed by land irrigation.

Two out of five samples of effluent taken from the Central Sewage Works for analysis were satisfactory upon analysis. Three samples were slightly high in suspended matter, and had a high B.O.D. content.

The Council have under consideration a scheme for disposing of sewage effluent to the Rye Meads Sewage Works by connection of district sewers to the existing trunk sewer in Epping Rural District.





## REFUSE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL

Household refuse is collected weekly and is disposed of by controlled tipping at Redricks Lane Tip. Special arrangements are made in connection with trade refuse.

## PARTICULARS OF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR'S WORK.

during the year 1961.

### Summary of Visits.

Public Health Acts	...	...	...	...	201
Housing Acts	...	...	...	...	103
Food and Drugs Act	...	...	...	...	97
Factories Act	...	...	...	...	41
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	<u>230</u>
					672
					==
Number of informal Notices served	...	...	...	...	6
Number of Statutory Notices served	...	...	...	...	Nil

## HOUSING ACTS 1936-1959

### NEW HOUSING

18 private dwellings were completed during the year. The Council have under consideration the erection of dwellings at Bullfields and Sheering Mill Lane.

### HOUSING AND HOUSE PURCHASE ACT 1959.

Five applications were received from applicants for standard grants in respect of five properties, four of which were granted. One was refused as not satisfying the requirements of the Act.

The Council approved schemes for the improvement of 32 Council houses and work was commenced on the improvements at the end of December.



FOOD AND DRUGS ACTS

Milk

Number of Retail Purveyors of Milk	...	...	..	2
Number of Dairies	...	...	..	1

Supplementary Licences to use Special Designations

Pasteurised	...	...	...	...	..	2
Sterilised	...	...	...	...	..	2
Tuberculin Tested	...	...	...	...	..	2

The Dairy was inspected on twelve occasions during the year.  
Purveyors' delivery vehicles also receive frequent inspection.

Ice Cream

No Ice Cream is manufactured in the district. There are twelve registered premises who sell wrapped ice cream, and regular inspections are carried out.

Unsound Food.

The following foods were found unfit for human consumption and were surrendered:-

<u>Category</u>	<u>No. of Tins or Containers</u>	<u>Weight in lb.</u>
Peaches.	2 trays	8
Meat (tinned).	3	16
Meat.	-	<u>28</u>
Total Weight		<u>52</u>

(1960 Total - 12 lbs).

Shops and other premises engaged in the sale and preparation of foodstuffs number 38. This number is made up as follows:-

Butchers	4
Grocers and Provision Merchants	10
Bakehouses	2
Fish Shops	1
Cafes, Public Houses etc.,	6
Institutional Kitchens, Schools and Industrial Canteens	9
Greengrocers	5

One cafe was discontinued during the year.



109 visits were made to these food premises during the year.

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT 1949

No charge is made in respect of private dwellings.

Routine Sewer treatments were carried out twice during the year, and the Council Tip and Sewage Works were similarly treated.

RODENT CONTROL - Summary of Work Done.

Total number of premises inspected	...	...	137
Number of premises infested	...	...	23
Number of premises treated by the Council	...	...	23
Total number of visits and re-visits	...	...	289





PREScribed PARTICULARS ON THE ADMINISTRATION  
OF THE FACTORIES ACT 1937.

PART 1 OF THE ACT

1 - INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors).

Premises (1)	Number on Register (2)	Number of		
		Inspections (3)	Written notices (4)	Occupiers prosecuted. (5)
(1) Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4,& 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities .....	-	-	-	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority .....	21	34	-	-
(iii) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises .....	2	16	-	-
Total .....	23	50	-	-

2 - Cases in which DEFECTS were found  
(If defects are discovered at the premises on two, three or more separate occasions they should be reckoned as two, three or more "cases").

Particulars (1)	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of Cases in which prosecutions were instituted. (6)
	Found (2)	Remedied (3)	Referred To H.M. Inspector (4)	By H.M. Inspector (5)	

Want of cleanliness (S.1).  
Overcrowding (S.2).  
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)  
Inadequate ventilation (S.4).

N I L



2 - Cases in which DEFECTS were found, etc ..... continued.

Particulars  (1)	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted.  (6)
	Found  (2)	Remedied  (3)	Referred To H.M. Inspector  (4)	By H.M. Inspector  (5)	
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6).  Sanitary Conveniences (S.7). (a) Insufficient (b) Unsuitable or defective. (c) Not separate for sexes.  Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork).	N I L				

PART VIII OF THE ACT - Outwork  
(Sections 110 and 111)

Nature of Work  (1)	Section 110			Section 111		
	No. of out-workers in August list required by Section 110(1) (c).  (2)	No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council.  (3)	No. of Prosecutions for failure to supply lists.  (4)	No. of instances of work in unwholesome premises.  (5)	Notices served  (6)	Prosecutions.  (7)
Wearing Apparel	2	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	2	-	-	-	-	-

